NEWBORN MOVES

“You can put me on my tummy from the time I am born.”

“Stay and watch me when I am on my tummy.”

“A rolled towel under my chest helps me to lift my head.”

“Lying me on my tummy will help me develop the muscles that I need to control my head, reach out, roll and move around.”

“Lying on my tummy will help prevent my head from flattening.”

“The NSW Ministry of Health wishes to acknowledge the following sources: South Eastern Sydney and Illawarra Shoalhaven Local Health Districts Healthy Eating and Active Play at Playgroup manual and case studies, and the NSW Ministry of Health Munch and Move program and Local Health District resources.

www.healthykids.nsw.gov.au
INTRODUCTION
You can help your child learn to move from birth. Even before your child can walk or talk, giving your baby
the chance to move will help them learn and grow.
There are lots of ways your baby can move and be active. This is called ‘active play’. I would like to talk
about ways you can be active with your baby.

WHAT IS ACTIVE PLAY?
Letting your baby move freely and not be restricted by wraps or blankets is active play. It may include your baby
moving an arm or leg, or moving around on their tummy and can take place indoors or outdoors. For older children,
active play may be rolling a ball or running and jumping in the park.

AN IMPORTANT PART OF ACTIVE PLAY FOR NEWBORN BABIES IS SPENDING TIME ON THEIR TUMMY EVERY DAY.
Your baby spends lots of time on their back sleeping, feeding, in the car, in the stroller and during nappy changes.

It is important that your baby spends time on their tummy as this will help:
• your baby develop strong neck, shoulder and back muscles
• your baby control their head, reach out, roll and move around
• prevent your baby developing a flat head
• prepare your baby for crawling.

You can give your baby time on their tummy:
• from birth as long as they are awake
• following a nappy change
• after they have woken from a nap or after burping
• anytime your baby is alert and happy.

HELPFUL HINTS
• Start for short periods of time and slowly increase the time your baby spends on their tummy as they grow. This can be from 10 seconds to 10 minutes.
• Place a toy in front of your baby to look at, reach for and play with.
• If your baby isn’t happy on the floor, lay them on your chest. Your baby will enjoy being close to you and looking into your face while still being on their tummy.

REMEMBER ALWAYS STAY WITH YOUR BABY WHEN THEY ARE ON THEIR TUMMY.

HELPFUL HINTS
• Your baby is only little and will tire easily. Look for tired signs (head down, rubbing eyes, yawning). Stop and give your baby a rest.
• Check your baby is not hungry or tired before starting to play.
• Lay your baby on a towel or blanket in case they bring up a little milk.

Facilitator note
Refer to the pictures on the front of this fact sheet when speaking to parents and carers about the points below.

Facilitator note
Finish your session by reading out the following key safety messages.

Remember:
• There is a connection between babies sleeping on their tummies and SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome).
• Always supervise your baby when they are playing on their tummy.
• If your baby falls asleep on their tummy immediately roll them onto their back.